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ACROSS
4. How many times may a congressman be reelected (two words)?
6. Francis Scott _____ wrote the national anthem of the U.S., “The Star Spangled Banner”.
10. A _____ election is an election held before the general election to determine the main candidates representing the various political parties.
12. The White House is located in _____, D.C. (1600 Pennsylvania Ave. N.W.).
13. A person must be at least _____ (hyphenated word) years old by the time he/she will serve in order to eligible to become president.
15. James _____: 5th U.S. President; noted for an early U.S. doctrine dealing with European interference.
17. John _____: A Chief Justice of the Supreme Court whose opinions strengthened national power.
19. The national _____ is the total amount of money the government owes.
21. Roger _____: Left Puritan colony seeking religious freedom; settled the colony of Rhode Island.
22. Thomas _____: First president elected by original Democratic-Republican (now Democratic) Party.
24. The Constitution set up a system of _____ and balances in which the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of government have the power to check each other to maintain a balance of power.
25. Description of a government that is cruel or unjust - term used by the American colonists towards King George III of England.
28. The first 10 amendments to the Constitution (Bill of Rights) were adopted in 1791.
29. William _____: Chief Justice of the Supreme Court during the Reagan and Clinton administrations.
30. A formal change to the United States Constitution.
32. The government may not _____ or take a person’s property without a warrant. This is a right guaranteed by the Bill of Rights.
34. Powers that are shared by the federal and state governments.
35. A Constitutional check the Congress has on the president.
36. James _____: Wealthy Englishman who established the colony of Georgia as a haven for debtors.
38. A _____ convention is a meeting in which a political party will choose its candidate for president.
40. Henry _____: The “Great Compromiser”; his tariff plan ended nullification controversy; a War Hawk.
42. A person must have lived in the U.S. for at least _____ years in order to be eligible to become president.
43. A group of governmental officials who head various departments in the Executive Branch and advise the president.
44. A person must be a U.S. _____ citizen to be eligible to become president.
45. Alexander _____: Washington’s Sec. of the Treasury and leader of the Federalist Party.
46. Daniel _____: Orator and statesman from Massachusetts; advocated a strong national government to preserve the Union.
47. James _____: 4th U.S. President; had to flee the capital when the British burned it during the War of 1812.
48. A _____ government is when the people elect representatives to make laws for their benefit; indirect democracy, a republic.

DOWN
1. The term “_____ of powers” refers to the philosophy of a balanced government in which each of the three branches of government has its own powers.
2. An _____ democracy is a political process in which the people control the government through elected political officials - also called a republic.
3. The government may not _____ or house soldiers in private homes during peacetime without the owner’s consent. This is a right guaranteed by the Bill of Rights.
4. The _____ Plan was much like the Articles of Confederation and called for no executive or judicial branches and a one house legislature with equal state representation. (two words)
5. George Washington, inaugurated as the first President of the United States in 1789, was _____ of the Constitutional Convention.
7. A person may not be tried _____ for the same crime and does not have to testify against him or herself. This is a right guaranteed by the Bill of Rights.
8. A _____ committee is made up of members of both houses of government in order to speed action on the legislation.
9. Domestic _____: Peace at home.
11. The Judicial Branch of our government has the purpose of _____ laws.
12. An _____ democracy is a political process in which the people are able to have direct control over the government in making decisions, e.g., colonial New England’s town meeting and today’s referendum.
14. A _____ Pluralism: Orator and statesman from Massachusetts; advocated a strong national government to preserve the Union.
20. A check the president has on the powers of the legislative branch to reject or refuse to sign a bill from Congress.
22. The right to serve on a _____ is one benefit of being a citizen of the United States.
23. The Executive Branch of our government has the purpose of _____ laws.
26. A _____ democracy is a political process in which the people are able to have direct control over the government in making decisions, e.g., colonial New England’s town meeting and today’s referendum.
27. A _____ election is a special election called by voters to remove an elected official from office before his/her term expires.
28. Powers that are exclusively for the federal government and are enumerated in Article I, Section 8 of the Constitution are called _____ powers.
33. William _____: Governor of Plymouth Colony; was chosen by the Pilgrims.
34. Powers that are shared by the federal government and the state governments.
35. A Constitutional check the Congress has on the President or other high-ranking federal officials. This involves an accusation against that official.
36. How many senators are there in Congress (two words)?
37. A _____ tax is the requirement that a person must pay a certain amount of money in order to vote - found to be unconstitutional in 1964 by the 24th Constitutional Amendment.
39. The 1775 gunfire at Lexington and _____ were indeed “Shots heard round the world”.
41. John C. _____: Leading defender of states’ rights but supported federal improvement programs; a War Hawk.

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